LUMINAIRE LEVEL LIGHTING CONTROLS SERIES

Sequence of Operations

This guide outlines three different methods of documenting the sequence of operations (SOO) and describes the pros and cons of each approach.

How you communicate the design intent of a Luminaire Level Lighting Controls (LLLC) system can make the difference between a great lighting project and one you'd like to forget. Developing a sequence of operations (SOO) is the vital link between how a system is designed and how it gets set up.

Method 1: Basic SOO matrix

The basic SOO matrix provides an at-a-glance view for each space type and control strategy. It is well suited for the start of projects – because it can effectively communicate basic control strategies and intent to owners and users. This allows stakeholders to provide meaningful input.

Control method						
Space type	High-end trim	Daylight sensor Manual switch		Occupancy sensor	Time clock	
Conference	x	X	X	X		
Equipment	Х	X		Х		
Office: Open	x	X		х	X	
Office: Private	х	x	х	х		
Restrooms	х			х		

Who's on first?

Responsibility for developing the SOO can often be a gray area between contractors, product specifiers, and other relevant parties. Ensure this is discussed early in the process and the role is assigned.

Timing is everything

For new construction, the SOO should be completed before construction documents (bids) are finished. For retrofit or tenant improvements, the SOO should be developed with stakeholder input before installation begins.

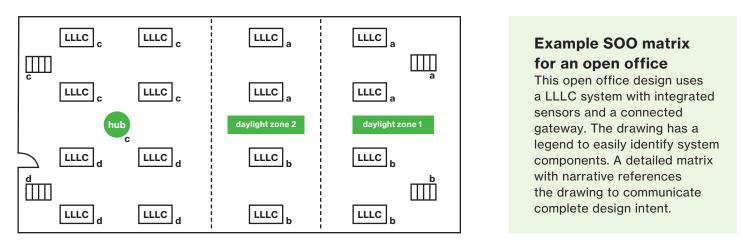
Method 2: Detailed SOO matrix

Similar to the basic SOO matrix, the detailed SOO matrix will include detailed parameters for how each control method will be implemented within a space type. This usually takes longer to develop as various stakeholders may need to provide input.

Most LLLC projects will require a hybrid approach which includes elements of all three SOO methods outlined in this guide. What matters most is that design intent is being communicated to the stakeholders who will be programming the system – and eventually the people.

Method 3: Narrative SOO matrix

The narrative SOO matrix may be seen on construction specs or directly on lighting or electrical plans. Typically, these call out the space types and include a short narrative describing desired operation. Narrative matrixes are extremely helpful for downstream stakeholder groups like tenants and facility staff. They may be accompanied by a basic or detailed matrix to provide context.



Sequence of operations

Area	Typical open office					
Lighting and controls	Lights	Zones (a) – (d)	Fully dimmable lights controlled in this area			
	Daylight zones Zones (a) – (b)		Daylight rows 1 and 2 will dim independently. Lights will automatically adjust to daylight maintaining recommended 30FC on task surfaces			
	Manual wall control	Zones (a), (b), (c), (d)	For each independent zone, the user can select scenes on/off, 50%, and can raise/lower the zone			

Tips for success

At the beginning of a project, work with stakeholders to drive alignment and consistency with definitions and nomenclature to be used in the SOO.

- Define typical space types
- Define control strategies

- Define system components
- Ensure the building owner or operator understands the SOO. This will save headaches down the road!

